



Schools of Hope

This legislation limits turnaround options for tier 2 and tier 3 public schools to three options:

- Reassign students to another school.
- Close the school and reopen as a charter school.
- Contract with an outside entity, this option includes district-managed charter schools.

If a district has a school with one F or two consecutive Ds, a Hope Operator may open a school within a 5 mile radius. Hope Operators may submit a performance based agreement and notice of intent. If the district fails to approve the application, the district's charter administrative fee will go from 5% to 1% for all charter schools in the district.

Millage Sharing

Sharing millage will account for 10% of Broward's available millage once debt service is accounted for. BCPS currently has **\$2 Billion** in critical maintenance needs.

This will cost the District up to **\$123 million** over the next five years.



Title I

Title I funds shall be distributed to all eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation, this may limit district-wide Title I programs, except for programs allowed under current federal law. An eligible school may use the funds to participate in discretionary educational services provided by the school district.

Charter School Accountability

Requires sponsors to use the standard charter contract developed by the Department of Education (DOE). Any alterations to the standard charter contract would be viewed as limiting the charter.

Removes the cap on high-performing charter schools that wish to replicate in low-performing areas. Charter application deadline is moved to February 1st of each calendar year.

Best and Brightest

This legislation revises and expands the Best and Brightest Program to include more testing options:

- Best and Brightest teachers receive \$6,000 (qualified by testing as previously implemented, but expands to include LSAT, GMAT, GRE, MCAT, etc.)
- Best and Brightest Title I principals receive \$5,000.
- Other eligible principals receive \$4,000.

For the next 3 years :

- All highly effective teachers will receive \$1,200 per year.
- All effective teachers will receive up to \$800 per year.

The bill makes VAM optional.

Assessments

- Eliminates the Algebra II EOC.
- Requires paper-based assessments for grades 3-6.
- Moves the majority of statewide assessments to the last 4 weeks of a district's school year.
- Requires an independent study of ACT/SAT as a replacement for grade 10 ELA assessment and Algebra I EOC assessment.

Recess

This legislation requires 20 minutes of recess per day for grades K-5 in traditional public schools, while charter schools are not subjected to this unfunded mandate.



Overview	
Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)	\$96.68 (1.35%) Increase (for BCPS) FTE: \$7,281
Millage Sharing	Up to \$12.7 million in financial impact (for BCPS)
Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO)	Public: \$50 million (\$25 million decrease) Charter: \$50 million (\$25 million decrease)
Title I	Title I funding will now be allocated directly to schools, which may limit district-wide programs in the future, except for programs allowed under current law.
Operating	
<p>The legislature approved a \$96 increase per student. The legislature increased the Base Student Allocation by \$43.24. This will increase the allocation next year by approximately \$15.7 million after subtracting inflationary costs and student growth, allowing for additional resources for our students and teachers.</p> <p>Additional Funding From State: \$46 million – Student Growth \$19.8 million = \$26.2 Million Projected Increase: \$14.7 Million</p>	
Capital	
<p>Millage Sharing millage will account for 10% of Broward's available millage once debt service is accounted for. BCPS currently has \$2 Billion in critical maintenance needs. This will cost the District up to \$123 million over the next five years.</p>	<p>PECO \$25 million in PECO funding has been cut from Public School districts this year under the budget. BCPS Financial Impact: \$2.5 Million</p>
<p>Financial Impact of Capital Outlay Cuts BCPS and school districts across the state will struggle to maintain schools under this cut. Possible effects of these cuts may be seen in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Facility maintenance • Student transportation maintenance and replacement of buses • Updating outdated technology 	